

# Utilisation of Energy Storage Technologies in Namibia

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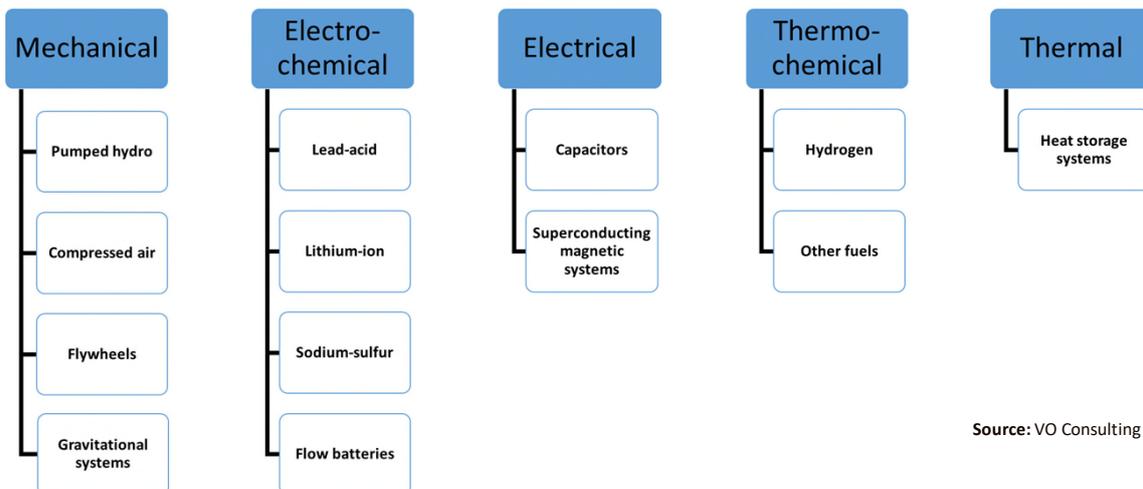
Virtual Launch – *Energy Storage Paper*

15 July 2021, 10h00 to 11h30



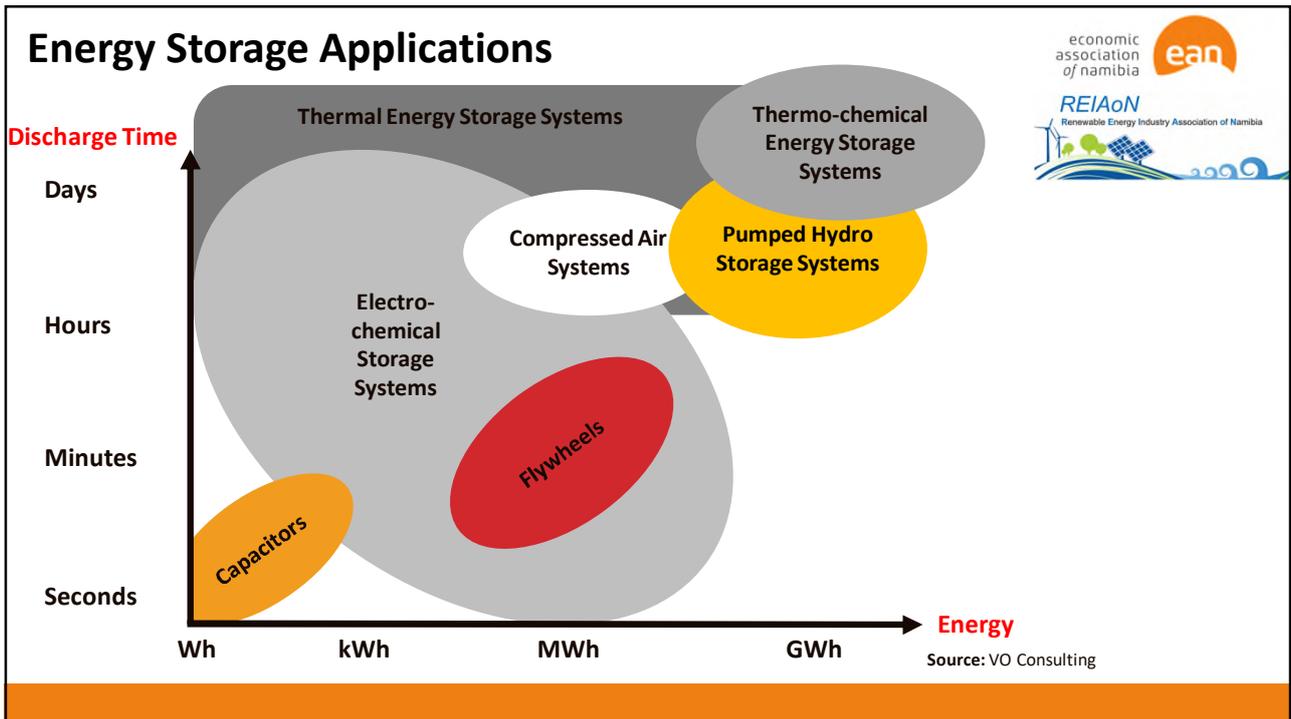
1

## Energy Storage Types

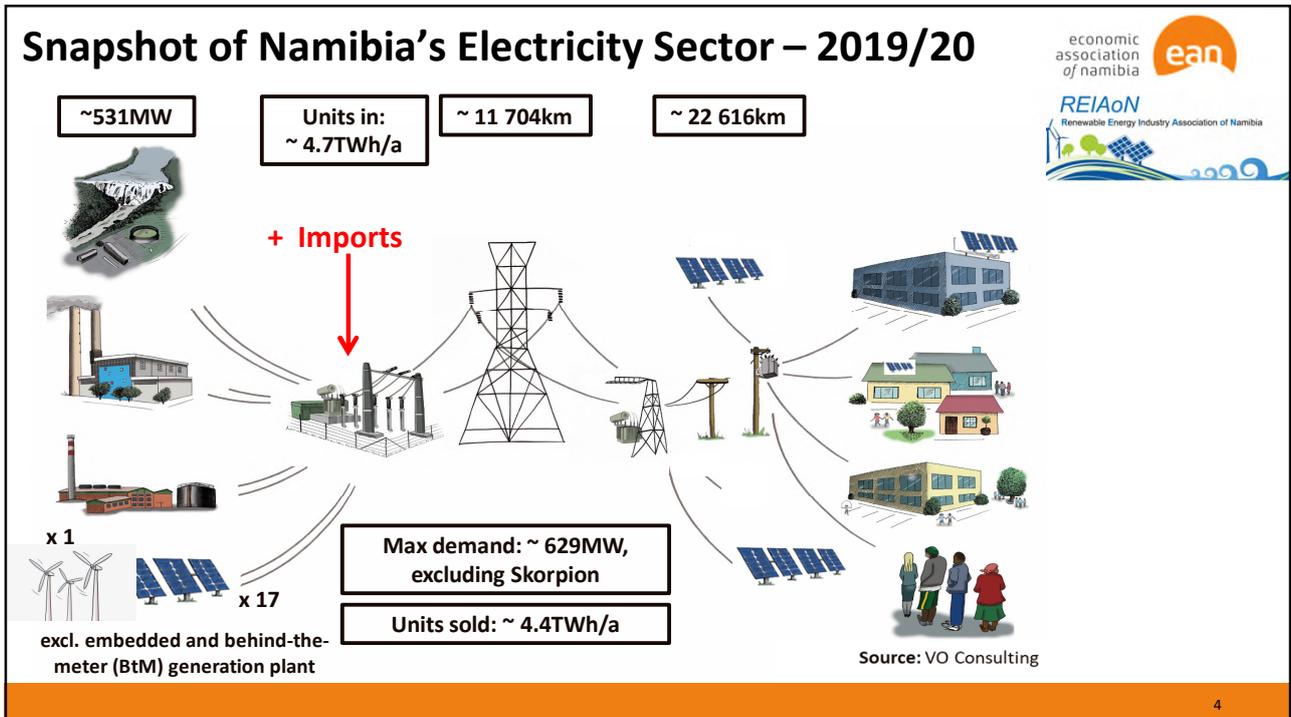


Source: VO Consulting

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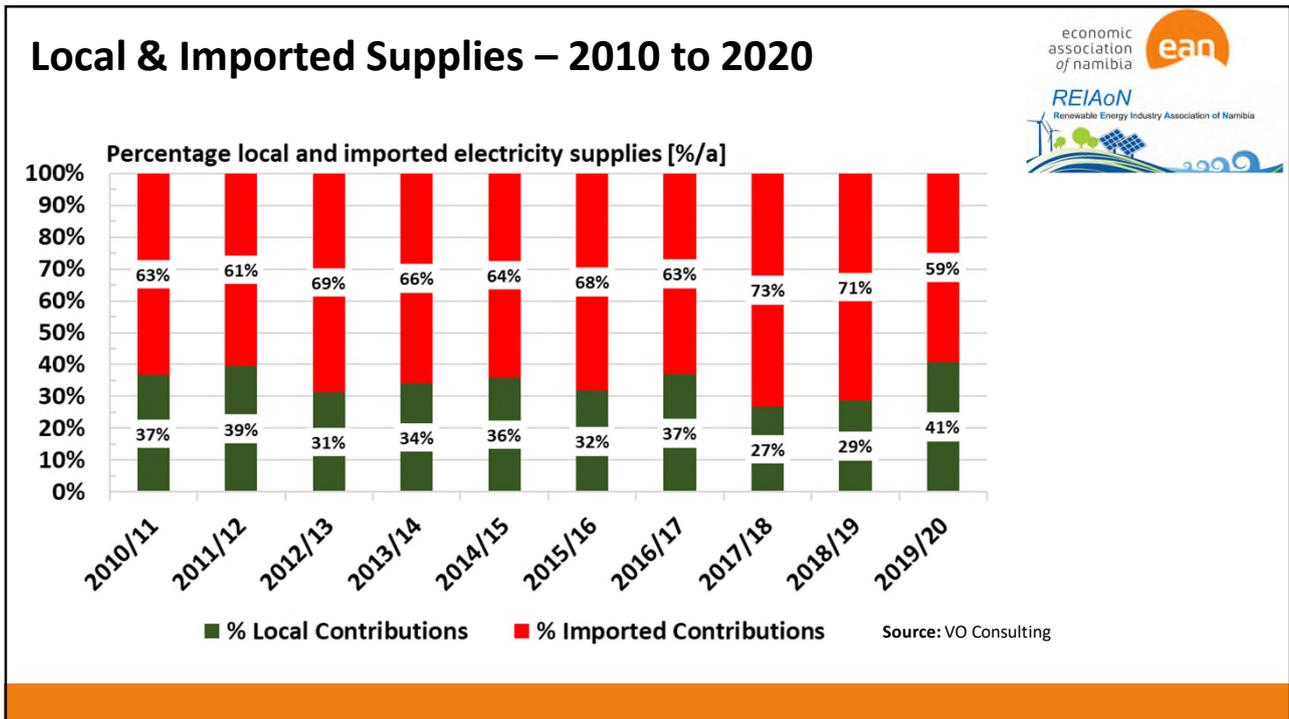


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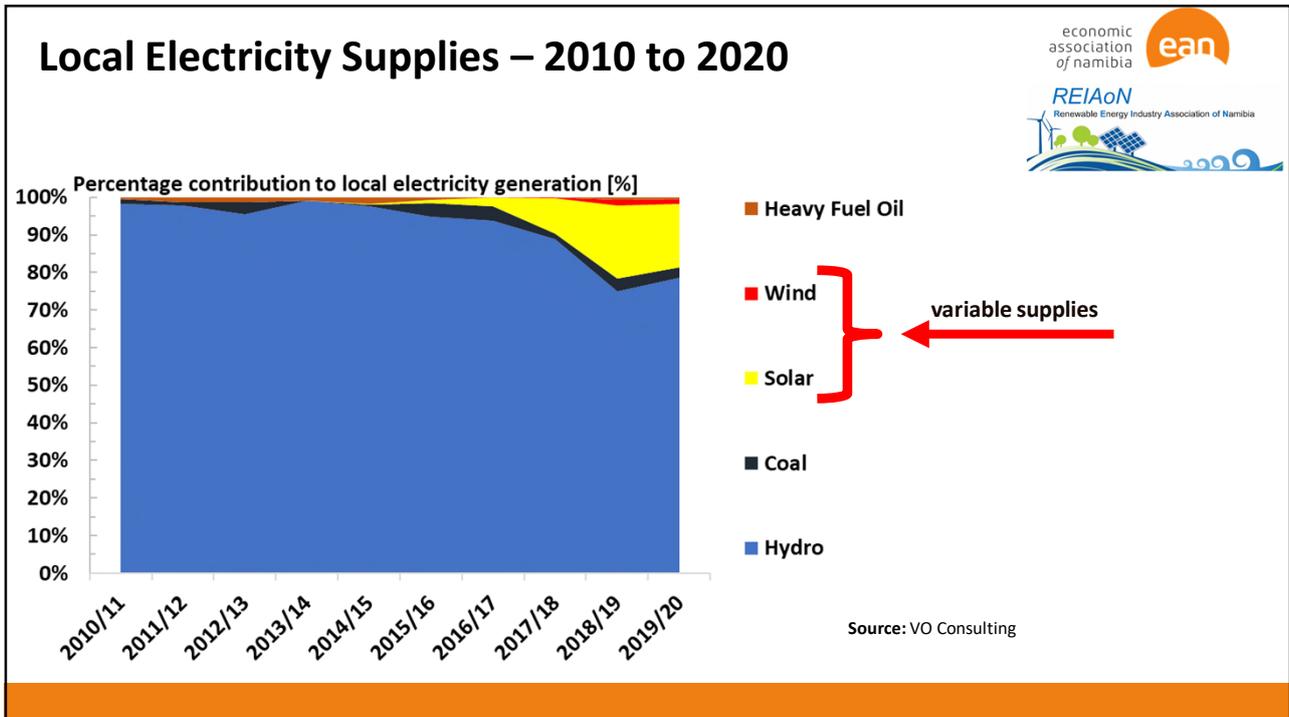


4





7



8

# Potentials for Electricity Storage in Namibia's ESI



### Domestic & Commercial Users:

- Electrical energy storage
- Emergency power & UPS capacities
- Maximum demand control
- Off-grid supplies

*and, increasingly, also for*

- electric mobility / transport and others.

### Large Power Users & Utilities:

- Time shifting & peak shaving
- Spinning / supplemental reserve
- Voltage regulation & frequency control
- Black-start capabilities
- Delay of infrastructure investments, and others.

9

# Domestic Applications of Energy Storage Tech



### Grid-connected uses



Tesla PowerWall (example)

7 kWh/day  
~US\$ 6 000 (USA)

Source: Tesla

### Electric mobility

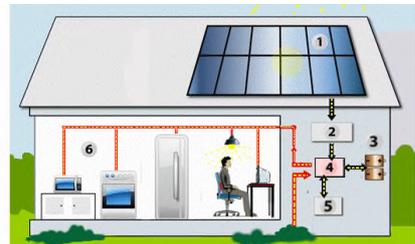


Nissan Leaf (example)

30+ kWh battery energy storage  
170+ km range  
~N\$ 450 000

Source: Nissan

### Off-grid applications



Stand-alone & off-grid uses

Example: 10.6 kW solar PV plus  
8kVA Li-ion storage  
~N\$ 150k (PV) + N\$ 300k (storage)

Source: Namibian supplier.

10

## Utility Applications of Energy Storage Tech



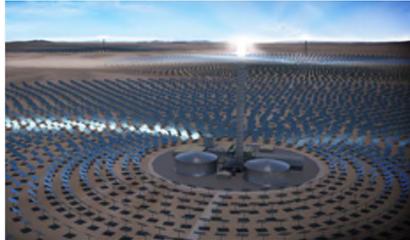
### Electricity Generation



#### Port Augusta, South Australia

150 MW CSP (Aurora project)  
1.1 GWh storage (8 hours)  
USc 6.14/kWh

### CO2-neutral RE Generation



#### Tarapacá Region, Chile

450 MW CSP (Tamarugal)  
5.8 GWh storage (13 hours)  
USc 6.3/kWh

### Substation Support



#### Mira Loma, California, USA

80MW PowerPacks  
supporting substation operations

Source: Tesla

11

## Commercial Opportunities for Energy Storage Tech



### Value proposition:

- Strengthen emergency power / uninterrupted power capacities
- Optimise self-consumption from own generation supplies
- Enhance and extend resource availability
- Shift time of demand/supply to derive extra benefit from time-of-use tariffs
- Maximise the value of the electric vehicle fleet
- Increase demand response capabilities and capacities
- Deliver support services to the grid operator, and others.

12

12

## Namibian Opportunities to Advance Storage Tech



### Opportunities and potentials:

- Mineral endowments for production of storage technologies, incl. Li, Co, Cu, Ni, graphite & various rare earth elements
- Local exploration and mining: Uis tin, Okanjande graphite, Karibib lithium, Kunene Region's rare earth elements, cobalt close to Opuwo, zinc close to Swakop
- However: local manufacturing capacity & skills base remains underdeveloped and local high-volume cutting-edge technology ventures have a poor track record
- Hydrogen, for own consumption and export – *but realism remains essential.*

13

13

## How can Namibia benefit from energy storage?



- *Create legal and regulatory provisions* for the uptake of energy storage technologies, specifically for use across the electricity value chain
- *Create pricing/tariff mechanisms* for multiple services to be provided by storage tech
- *Adopt international best practices* to guide the uptake and use of storage technologies, incl. as part of planning, e.g. NIRP, Tx Masterplan (MP), Dx MP, Electrification MP etc.
- *Design transmission & distribution infrastructure by taking* storage options into account
- *Offer energy storage technologies* to commercial, industrial & private electricity users
- *Avoid investments* that turn obsolete once XXL storage arrives.

14

14

## Take Away Messages



1. Energy storage technologies *add value* to local renewable energy (RE) endowments;
2. Local appetite for uptake and use of RE & energy storage technologies exists;
3. Increasingly cost-effective storage further incentivises the uptake and use of solar PV and wind;
4. Namibia must prepare for the arrival of cost-competitive storage tech, incl. the legal, regulatory and statutory provisions – ECB is currently developing regulations;
5. Rapid decline of RE & storage costs profoundly impacts non-renewable generation assets;
6. Energy storage is expected to affect the business models of all electricity utilities;
7. Numerous opportunities exist for suppliers & installers of RE & storage tech;
8. Namibia's storage market is small – solutions that reduce the cost of energy hold further potentials;
9. A handful of local companies have the capacity to implement large RE systems including storage; and
10. Capacity development to benefit from the uptake of RE & storage remains essential – REIAoN.

15

15

## Thank you!



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16

16